Palace complex of **Counts Platers**

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www.kraslavaspils.lv, www.visitkraslava.com



Kraslava Tourism Information Center (TIC) Tourist information, guide services, route development, seminar room.

Association "Latgale Culinary Heritage Center"

Souvenirs with the symbols of Kraslava and Latgale, degustation of local products (home-baked bread, smoked meats, cheese, cucumbers).



The collection includes more than 2,000 dolls from around the world, several unique doll houses and doll carriages. There is a possibility to change into stylized costumes and take a photo.

Address: Pils iela 2, Krāslava, ph.: +371 656 22201, +371 29376090, +371 26395176, tic@kraslava.lv, www.visitkraslava.com, www.kulinaraismantojums.lv Working hours: During the summer season (May 15 – September 15): 9.30–18.00; Out of summer season (September 16 – May 14): on working days: 8.45–17.15; Saturday, Sunday: 10.00–15.00

Kraslava museum of History and Art

Address: Pils iela 8, Krāslava, ph. +371 656 23586, kraslavasmuzejs@kraslava.lv, www.kraslavaspils.lv Permanent expositions, art exhibitions, excursions. Working hours: During the summer season (May 1 - September 30):

Wed., Thu., Fri.: 10.00–17.00; Mon., Tues.: a day off; Sat.: 10.00–16.00; Tues., Wed., Thu., Fri.: 10.00–17.00; Mon.: day off; Sat.: 10.00–16.00; Sun.: day off

Kraslava - the town within **Bends of the Daugava River**

Kraslava is one of the most beautiful small towns in Latvia and located in the southeast of Latgale. The largest part of the town is situated on the right bank of the river Daugava, smaller part on the left bank is called Priedaine. Two shores have been connected by a bridge.

The coat of arms of Kraslava town was approved in 1925. The blue field of the coat of arms shows a floating silver sail with five oars, which symbolizes the multinational environment of Kraslava. Every oar means one of the five main nationalities inhabiting Kraslava: Latvians, Russians, Jews, Poles and Belarussians.

The rapid development of Kraslava began in 1729, when Kraslava was purchased for 14,000 thalers by the Steward of Inflantia and Daugavpils Yan Ludwig Plater. It remained the property of his family until the First World War. Counts Plater developed Kraslava as spiritual, commercial, cultural and educational center of Latgale. After the death of Ludwig Plater Kraslava went to the ownership of his son Constantine Ludwig Plater. The son continued the father's plan to develop the town. A magnificent palace, a church, a market square with a town hall, houses of craftsmen and other farm buildings were built. Craftsmen from Poland and Germany were invited to start making velvet, bagpipes, jewelry and oven tiles in Kraslava. The annual fairs brought together many traders and buyers.

Today no members of Platers' family can be met on the streets of Kraslava, but their achievements can be seen at every step.

The inhabitants of Kraslava are proud of the palace of Count Plater and Kraslava Roman Catholic Church of St. Ludwig. Historical objects fit into the overall image of the town and are the calling card of Kraslava Municipality. Kraslava was granted town rights in 1923.



Revival of the Count Plater Palace complex

Many positive changes have taken place in Kraslava Palace complex, which is architectural monument of national importance. The Palace complex has already become a popular tourist and wedding destination and a place for walks for inhabitants of Kraslava.

Since 2004, the Kraslava Palace complex has been owned by the Kraslava Municipality, which is actively working to promote the development of the palace and park territory. The development concept of the palace complex has been prepared. The vision of the concept – Plater Palace complex is cultural and historical center of Kraslava, the pride of Kraslava and Latgale region, a widely visited and popular cultural, educational and tourism object. Kraslava Municipality implements various projects, which are funded by municipal, state and European Union programs.

Each building of the complex performs its own function, there can be found Kraslava museum of History and Art with various expositions, Kraslava Tourist Information Center, Olga Gribule porcelain doll collection and the Craft Center, which was opened in 2021. Various cultural events, exhibition openings, fairs, excursions take place in the complex.

There are some beautiful environmental objects in the palace park, for example, metal carriage, the sculptures of Count and Countess. The idea of metal carriage belongs to residents of Kraslava, but installation was financed by the municipality in 2015. The sculptures of Count and Countess, which are 2 meters high, were installed in 2020.



Accommodation in Kraslava

- 1. "Aveņkrasti" (9 places), +371 27718833, Rīgas iela 37, Krāslava 2. "Forest B&B" (20 places), +371 29615751, Mednieku iela 11,
- Krāslava
 - (26 places), +371 28378572, Celtnieku iela 4, Krāslava

Cultural, historical and natural objects in Kraslava 1. Count Plater Palace complex, +371 656 23586, Pils iela 6-10, Krāslava

2. The historical center of Kraslava, 18. Novembra laukums, Krāslava



Kraslava Crafts Center

Address: Pils Street 10, Kraslava, ph. +371 26348644, amatniecibascentrs@kraslava.lv

The center has four craft workshops: pottery, woodworking, weaving / handicrafts and culinary heritage. Guided tours or demonstrations are available. Working hours: by prior arrangement.



Kraslava Palace Restaurant

Address: Pils Street 10, Kraslava, ph. +371 29626766 Working hours: Mon.: closed; Tue., Wed., Thu.: 12.00–22.00; Fri., Sat.: 12.00-23.00; Sun.: 12:00-21:00

Excursions around Kraslava or the Count Plater Palace complex are booked at Kraslava Tourism Information Center (TIC) or Kraslava museum of History and Art!

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Kraslava 4. "Priedaine" (30 places), +371 26430798, Klusā iela 2, Krāslava,

www.hotelpriedaine.lv

5. "Pūce" (12 places), +371 29221527, Artilērijas iela 18, Krāslava

6. "Saules māja" (6 places), +371 26869346, Sauleskalna iela 22, Krāslava

7. "Zive" (22 places), +371 29185835, Pārceltuves iela 14, Krāslava 8. Apartamenti "Draugu māja" (6 places), +371 26925821, Studentu

iela 5, Krāslava

9. Apartment "Hannah" (4 places), +371 27034199, Baznīcas iela 17, Krāslava

10. Kraslava 2 Bedroom Lux Apartments (6 places), +371 25945277, Vienības iela 59, Krāslava

11. Apartment "Ziedu pasaule" (5 places), +371 28202637, Amatnieku iela 18, Krāslava

12. Apartment "Žanna" (2 places), +371 25633636, Raina iela 8–8, Krāslava

🔵 Catering in Kraslava

 Fast food "Circle K" gas station, Rīgas iela 165a, Krāslava
Cafe "Mārīte", +371 20055716, Tirgus iela 2, Krāslava
Cafe "Tokyo Town", +371 20209065, Rīgas iela 50, Krāslava
Cafe "Todes", +371 2916609, Rīgas iela 58, Krāslava
Cafe "Karamele", +371 29437482, Krasta iela 8, Krāslava 6. Kraslava Palace Restaurant, +371 29626766, Pils iela 10, Krāslava 7. Kebab Bar, + 371 25404792, Vienības iela 56A, Krāslava

Kraslava swimming pool +371 62904553, Raiņa iela 25

3. Monument "Mate Latgale raud", Rigas iela (next to the house No. 52). Krāslava

4. Monument to J. Karnickis, telescope, Augusta iela (behind house No. 28), Krāslava

5. Augusta stone, Augusta iela 12, Krāslava

6. Kraslava St. Ludwig Roman Catholic Church, +371 656 23939, Baznīcas iela 2a, Krāslava

7. St. Neva Alexander Orthodox Church, +371 26783660, Brīvības iela 30, Krāslava

8. Priedaine observation tower, Priedaine, Krāslava

9. Adamova Nature Trail (1.8 km), beginning of Augusta iela, Krāslava

Environmental objects in the Count Plater Palace complex

Sculpture "Counts and Countess" (near the grotto). Large format photo wall "5 nationalities" (next to the TIC building). Metal carriage (in the courtyard).

Other environmental objects in Kraslava

Fountain "Sailing boat with five oars", 18. Novembra laukums. Photo frames in Kraslava, Vidzemes iela, Ostas iela. Kraslava chair and photo wall "Daugava diggers" in Adamova castle mound.

Kraslava Town Hall, near the house 54 on Rīgas iela Stone chair, Kaplavas iela, on the bank of the Daugava.

Souvenirs

Souvenir shop, Pils iela 2 (Count Plater Palace complex), Krāslava

Sculpture "Count and Countess"

Complementing the Count Plater Palace complex with suitable and thematic environmental objects, in the summer of 2020 two large sculptures of the Count and the Countess were installed, which harmoniously fit into the landscape of the palace park and become one of the most recognizable elements of the palace complex.



6 Former household building / Kraslava Craft Center

In the summer 2021, a Craft Center with four workshops was opened in the part of the building where the barns used to be. This is a place where you can learn about ancient crafts, not only by observing and listening to the stories of the masters, but also by participating in master classes. There are four workshops in the center. Under the guidance of experienced artisans, you can experience the exciting world of pottery, woodworking, weaving and other textile crafts, as well as taste a culinary heritage. In each workshop, visitors are greeted by skilled and sincere masters who will be happy to show how they work and allow visitors to partici-

pate and experience the fascination of the world of creativity.

Courtyard of the palace Entering the central gate from the

complex. Its most noticeable object is a manor house - a palace. The courtyard is bordered by outbuildings and a palace park. On the right side of the courtyard is the former stable (currently the museum's exposition and the palace restaurant), then the servant's house (now Kraslava museum of History and Art). To the left of the central gate is the palace manager's house (currently TIC), next to it is the barn-gardener's house, and on the left side of the courtyard next to the palace, visitors can see the town and the Daugava from the observation platform. The palace complex is surrounded on all sides by a park. During the renovation of the palace complex, the courtyard paths were restored according to their historical planning. Since 2015, the courtyard of the palace is decorated with a metal carriage, which is a popular place for photography.

Former governor's house / Kraslava TIC 8

The exact time of construction of the building is unknown, possibly it was built from 1820 to 1840. Initially, it was a 42-meter, one-storey household building, which was built of clay loam and boulders. Kraslava Municipality Tourism information and International Culinary Heritage Center, souvenir shop, collection of porcelain dolls, seminar room are

ning of 2017. 12

There are many children among the visitors of the Count Plater Palace complex in Kraslava. To make the

visit of small visitors even more exciting, a small obstacle course was opened in 2021 behind the former governor's house building. "Forest trail" is freely accessible to children under 12 years.



During the reconstruction of Kraslava Park at the end of the 18th - the beginning of the 19th century, many paths were created on different levels of the hill. In two places they were connected by a stair-

case, which was located so that, walking along the paths, a view of the Daugava valley opened up. In 2011, during the first stage of the park reconstruction, new staircase was created, the location of which approximately coincides with the location of the former

staircase.



side of Pils Street, there is a view of the inner courtyard of the palace

The museum is situated in former servants' house that was built in the middle of 19th century. There are about 25 000 collected items that show the peculiarity and uniqueness of Kraslava and surroundings from the ancient times to nowadays - some archaeological ob-

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jects, a big ethnographic collection, documents, photos and valuable books of 18th - 19th centuries. The museum's art collection holds the works of various artists. The museum has two permanent exhibitions: "Five Oars" on a 17-meter improvised boat and "Count Plater's Notary Cabinet", which covers the period of Kraslava history from end of the 19th century until the 20th century. Every two months a new art exhibition is presented to the guests. Autumn exhibitions of Kraslava artists have become a tradition. The museum also regularly hosts thematic exhibitions from the museum's collections.

Former servants' house / Kraslava museum of

History and Art

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Counts Broel Plater Palace

The palace is 18th century architectural monument of national im-

portance. The central building of the complex is the palace of Counts

Broel Plater, which was built according to the project of the Italian

architects Parako. Construction was completed in 1791. At first the

palace had a baroque-style decor, but in the late 18th and early 19th

centuries it was rebuilt after the canons of classicism. The interior

walls of the palace are painted with views of ancient Rome. When

Plater left Kraslava during the First World War, the castle was plun-

dered. From 1923 to 1972 the palace housed the school. Later, the

school was moved to another building, the palace was empty and

lost its attractiveness. Reconstruction of the palace began at the

end of 20th century, but was not completed. In 2008–2011 the facades

of Kraslava palace were preserved, but in 2016, the maintenance of

the facades was carried out, illusory windows on the 1st floor were

created. Currently, the palace can be seen only from the outside.

團團



In the eastern part of the palace ensemble, several unusual architectural elements have been preserved - a stone arch, fragments of walls, a gate. Visitors have the opportunity to walk along the paths of the park, to enjoy the atmosphere of the 18th century - to see the brick gates created by ancient masters, to walk through a stone arch.



Former stables/ Expositions of Kraslava museum of History and Art

The former stables were built in early 19th century as a onestorried, 42-meter-long brick farmhouse that had two or three one-storey enclosures surrounded by a courtyard. In the eastern block was a stable with master's workshop. There were sheds in the north and west blocks. Since 2018 in the stables

located in the building.



Park

Around the palace on the slopes

of the Daugava valley was built

a landscape park of about 22 ha.

The park's dendrological compo-



trees and shrubs. There still live snails that were brought from Spain. There was a pheasant farm near the park and pheasant caretaker was brought from Germany for its maintenance. The very first Kraslava Park was started in the middle of the 18th century near the building of Counts Broel Plater Library. The created baroque garden, like the Tsar's Garden in Riga, was a so-called public garden – accessible to all free townspeople. It was a significant and very progressive innovation at the time. Part of the old baroque park called "Linden tree garden" is still preserved.



П Granary – gardener's house



Granary - gardener's house is located on the right side of the build-

ing. The exact time of construction of the building is unknown, but the red bricks and brick turrets in the corners indicate that it was built in the second half of the 19th century. In the middle of the gra-

building is placed a unique exhibition of Kraslava museum of History and Art "Pi vīna golda", which tells about the culinary heritage traditions of five nationalities living in Kraslava Municipality. In 2019 in the stable building were also opened two new exhibitions "Workshop of the artist Valentin Zlidnis" and the collection "The heritage of the sculptor Vanda Zevalde". In 2021 the collection "The Story of an Old House" was opened. The collection shows the variety of household items and the layout of living space from the late 19th century to the late 20th century. This is a story about the lifestyle, traditions and culture of previous generations.

Observation platform

The observation platform was established in 2004 on the ruins of a former greenhouse-orang-

ery where grapevines, apricots, pineapples and other warm-earth plants were grown during the Broel Plater times. The observation platform offers a beautiful view of the nature park "Daugavas loki", which was included into the Latvian national list of UNESCO World Heritage Sites. In 2016 the observation platform was fully renovated.



Grotto

The Plater built two grottos of boulders and travertine near the palace in Kraslava landscape park, which endowed the park with special romance and melancholy. At present, one of the grottos with an "underground passage" and the lion statue is well - preserved and accessible to residents and tourists. The grotto was built is 1843. It is time, when an ambitious reconstruction project took place in Kraslava Park.